

LCH: Palliative and End of Life Care (PEoLC) MCN Update

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Summary

- LCH background / Health Needs Assessment
- Neighbourhood Team (NT) improvement plan
- How we are doing
 - Performance indicators / quality measures
 - PEoLC service review / feedback
- Priorities 2018-19



Adult Business Unit

- Neighbourhood Teams / Night Service
 - Neighbourhood Pall care Leads (NPCLs)
 - Pall Care Discharge Facilitators
- End of Life Care Home Team
- Health Case Managers
- Community beds, continence, tissue viability, falls

Specialist Business Unit

• Cardiac / Respiratory / Diabetes / others

LEEDS MODEL FOR DELIVERY OF HIGH QUALITY PALLIATIVE & END OF LIFE CARE (FUTURE)

ASSESSMENT	CARE PLANNING & CARE CO-ORDINATION	CARE DELIVERY	PREFERRED PLACE OF CARE/DEATH	CARE AFTER DEATH
Patient is assessed by a health care professional (HCP) as likely to be in the last	All patients are placed on practice palliative care list and the <u>EQLC</u> template is completed	All patients referred to District Nurse (D/N) and the D/N Service Delivery Framework for Palliative and End of Life care is followed	Patients are able to choose their preferred place of care/death HOME (Including Care	When the patient dies, the death is verified within agreed timescales
year of life HCP offers the patient	and shared (EPaCCS) Pro-active care planning is put in place and reviewed regularly ? Link to Risk Stratification Care Co-ordination will be provided by the patient's GP (as per GP Contract) Patient has a single point of access 24/7 for advice and signposting	 D/N works with patient / family/ carers within integrated neighbourhood teams to ensure current and future care needs are met 	Home where this is normal place of residence HOSPICE HOSPITAL	Information on bereavement and support is available to
opportunities to have a conversation to form a shared understanding of their condition and its likely progression,		For patients who have and extra level of need (see Leeds eligibility criteria for specialist palliative care), the GP, DN, CNS, care home or (if in hospital) ward team refer to specialist palliative care services	 For patients who choose to move between care settings to die in their place of choice, appropriate 	 those close to the patient SPECIALIST EOLC Discharge Facilitators will be working a 7 day week to enhance the current service
and how they want to live		 Medicines for symptom management are available 24/7 wherever the patient is, with staff able to prescribe, administer them where needed NURSE-LED BEDS FOR PALLIATIVE CARE – For patients who do not require specialist level of palliative care but choose/need_an_ inpatient setting 	the same day Transfer is facilitated for more complex patients by Discharge	
Carers' assessments are completed, implemented and reviewed as required			 Facilitators (7 days/wk) Equipment is provided according to need, to get or keep patients in their preferred place of 	A model will be available where SPC CNS provide 7 day
Patients are offered holistic assessments particularly at times of change in their condition			care	care
		service eg: increased number of prescribers and verification of expected death	is proposed new service models	
		All staff and volunteers who come into contact with the patient are appropriately trained and treat the patient and family with dignity and respect (linked to Education and Strategy)		



LCH objectives

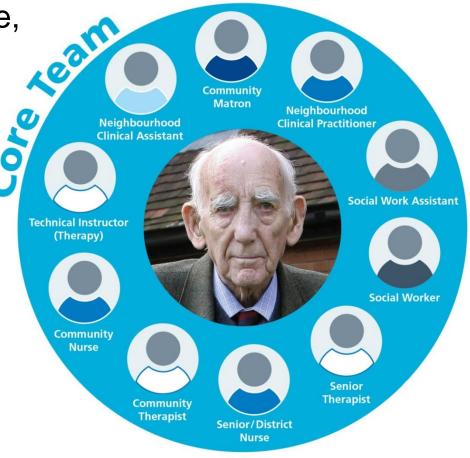
- Improve access to medications
 - Guidance / prescribers / availability
- Increase capacity / Service Delivery Framework
 - Service integration / skills development
- Increase verification of expected death
- 7 day discharge / care home support

BCF funding 2015 – NPCL role / review 2018-19



What is a Neighbourhood Team?

- Previously Intermediate Care, District Nursing, Community Matrons, Adult Social Care,
- Local model x13
- 24/7 (night support)
- GP aligned



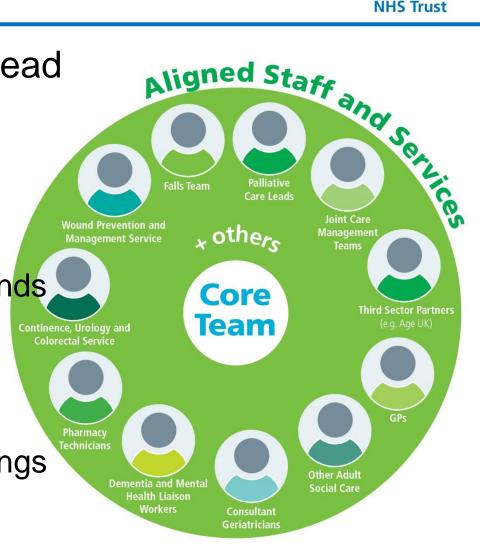


Neighbourhood Pall Care Lead

- Practice based 7 days
- Expertise / generalist
- Education and training
- Care home support at weekends

Discharge Facilitators

Support Care Planning Meetings





NT improvement plan 2016-18

- Embed Service Delivery Framework
- Increase / develop training
- Embed EPaCCS
- Increase staff competent to verify death
- Electronic assessment tools / care plans
- Robust reporting / review of incidents



Improvements, continued

Symptom management

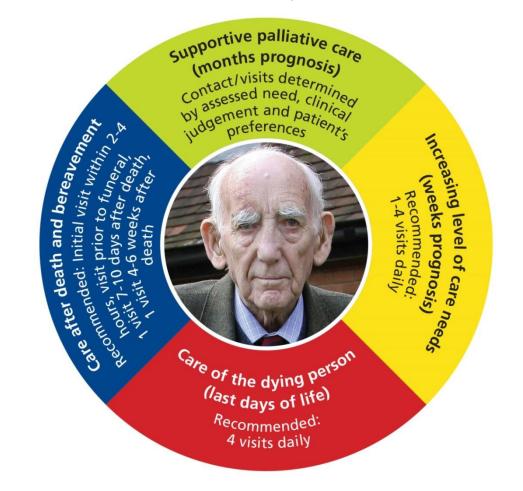
- More nurse prescribing
- Introduce subcut cannula for as required medication
- Remote prescribing guidance

Timely Fast Track funding reviews

Support new Mortality Review Process



Service Delivery Framework





Skills development

- Neighbourhood nursing staff 300+
- Therapists 40+
- Health care assistants 100+
- DNACPR / FT signatories 30+
- Locally coordinated
- Consolidated in practice



How are we doing? 2017-18

2169 patients

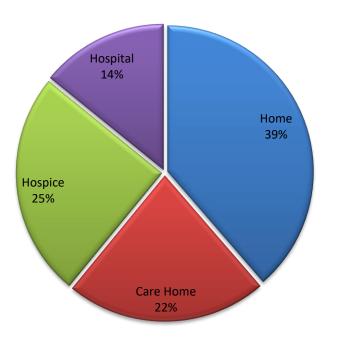
• PPD target 85%

PPD Achieved(Ist Choice)	85%
PPD Achieved(Ist + 2nd Choice)	89%
% With Correct Recording	90%

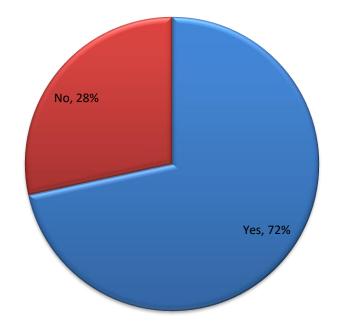
• ?Earlier identification in 2017-18



Actual Place of Death 17/18



Deaths verified at home 17/18

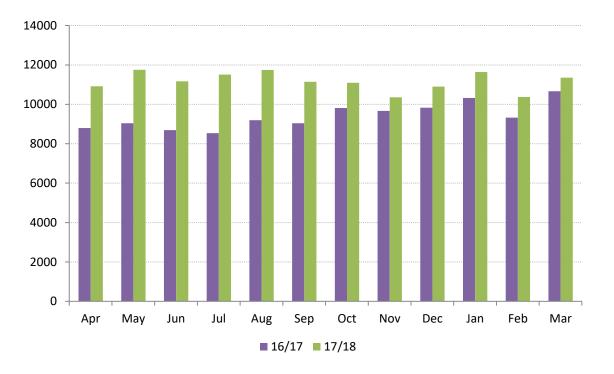




Palliative care activity

Annual increase:

- 19% in contacts
- 8% per patient







CQC feedback

Patients ...were **consulted** in their **future care** plans, involved in their care assessments, and planning. We observed this happened with patients who were **at the end of life**...

We saw **emotional support** being offered to an end of life patient and their relative. **Staff took time** to **listen** to relatives anxieties and understood the need to discuss their emotions.



LCH Palliative Care service review

- Impact of NPCL role / improvements
- Business team resource
- Positive feedback
- Retain the role
- Review roles and responsibilities



Priorities for 2018-19: LCH

- Further embed Mortality Review
- NT agenda Local Care Partnerships / caseload cluster working / triage role / Frailty and EoLC / 'left shift' / admission avoidance
- ReSPECT
- MCN projects
- Demographic challenges